

Relative to EU in base year • Relative to EU in same year

Structural differences with the EU are shown in the table below including, compared to the EIS 2020, new information on different types of (innovating) enterprises (Innovation profiles) and environmental indicators.

	IE	EU
Performance and structure of the economy		
GDP per capita (PPS)	58,400	30,800
Average annual GDP growth (%)	3.2	-2.5
Employment share Manufacturing (NACE C) (%)	11.2	16.5
of which High and Medium high-tech (%)	34.5	37.9
Employment share Services (NACE G-N) (%)	46.5	41.2
of which Knowledge-intensive services (%)	40.2	35.1
Turnover share SMEs (%)	30.9	36.5
Turnover share large enterprises (%)	53.6	45.7
Foreign-controlled enterprises – share of value added (%)	44.3	11.8
Business and entrepreneurship		
Enterprise births (10+ employees) (%)	0.9	1.0
Total Entrepreneurial Activity (TEA) (%)	10.3	6.7
FDI net inflows (% GDP)	17.5	2.0
Top R&D spending enterprises per 10 million population	62.6	16.2
Buyer sophistication (1 to 7 best)	4.3	3.7
Innovation profiles		
In-house product innovators with market novelties	n/a	10.7
In-house product innovators without market novelties	n/a	12.3
In-house business process innovators	n/a	11.0
Innovators that do not develop innovations themselves	n/a	11.6
Innovation active non-innovators	n/a	3.3
Non-innovators with potential to innovate	n/a	19.9
Non-innovators without disposition to innovate	n/a	31.3
Governance and policy framework		
Ease of starting a business (0 to 100 best)	79.8	76.5
Basic school entrepreneurial education and training	2.2	2.0
Govt. procurement of advanced tech. products	3.5	3.5
Rule of law (-2.5 to 2.5 best)	1.4	1.1
Climate change indicators		
Circular material use rate	1.6	11.7
Greenhouse gas emissions intensity of energy consumption	84.9	86.6
Eco-Innovation Index	97.0	100.0
Demography		
Population size	4.9	446.7
Average annual population growth (%)	1.4	0.1
Population density	70.9	108.8

Ireland's strengths are in *Linkages, Human resources* and *Attractive research systems*. The top-3 indicators include Population with tertiary education, Innovative SMEs collaborating with others, and Employment in knowledge-intensive activities.

The decline in innovation performance in the last two years is due to reduced performance on Government support for business R&D, Business R&D expenditures, Employment in innovative enterprises, Sales of innovative products, and Environment-related technologies. Ireland is showing below average scores on the Climate change related indicators due to a low score on the Circular material use rate.

	Relative to Relative to EU		
Ireland	EU 2021 in	201	4 in
	2021	2014	2021
SUMMARY INNOVATION INDEX	107.8	119.2	121.3
Human resources	151.1	142.9	160.2
Doctorate graduates	126.0	100.0	111.5
Population with tertiary education	202.6	255.4	261.2
Lifelong learning	118.2	90.0	130.0
Attractive research systems	133.6	149.5	150.4
International scientific co-publications	133.2	134.7	174.7
Most cited publications	117.2	118.8	115.2
Foreign doctorate students	162.6	232.9	193.1
Digitalisation	104.1	95.0	144.0
Broadband penetration	97.8	100.0	148.3
People with above basic overall digital skills	113.6	88.9	138.9
Finance and support	75.1	98.8	89.5
R&D expenditures in the public sector	18.2	47.4	17.5
Venture capital expenditures	121.1	121.1	203.7
Government support for business R&D	93.2	153.5	107.8
Firm investments	81.4	89.7	98.3
R&D expenditure in the business sector	32.6	84.3	36.2
Non-R&D Innovation expenditures	60.7	55.3	69.0
Innovation expenditures per employee	133.6	122.4	176.3
Use of information technologies	140.8	157.7	162.6
Enterprises providing ICT training	146.7	133.3	146.7
Employed ICT specialists	135.7	185.7	181.0
Innovators	94.0	132.6	128.6
Product innovators (SMEs)	96.4	126.6	136.0
Business process innovators (SMEs)	91.8	137.9	122.1
Linkages	152.4	137.6	205.5
Innovative SMEs collaborating with others	182.7	142.5	267.7
Public-private co-publications	173.6	165.1	194.7
Job-to-job mobility of HRST	N/A	N/A	N/A
Intellectual assets	62.5	64.0	54.2
PCT patent applications	56.9	66.4	49.3
Trademark applications	75.1	101.1	78.8
Design applications	49.9	25.2	34.2
Employment impacts	112.6	160.5	114.7
Employment in knowledge-intensive activities	178.0	201.3	194.7
Employment in innovative enterprises	60.1	131.7	58.1
Sales impacts	119.7	141.1	121.9
Medium and high tech goods exports	109.5	84.9	120.0
Knowledge-intensive services exports	152.1	161.1	161.1
Sales of innovative products	89.6	191.3	77.9
Environmental sustainability	97.1	91.7	101.1
Resource productivity	115.1	104.6	170.5
Air emissions by fine particulate matter	122.7	120.0	130.5
Environment-related technologies	29.7	47.8	22.3

The colours show normalised performance in 2021 relative to that of the EU in 2021: dark green: above 125%; light green: between 100% and 125%; yellow: between 70% and 100%; orange: below 70%. Normalised performance uses the data after a possible imputation of missing data and transformation of the data.