

Extracted on 17 February 2025

	Ireland	Italy	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg
<b>Population on 1 January</b> (absolute number)	<b>5 271 395</b> (2023)	<b>58 997 201</b> (2023)	<b>1 883 008</b> (2023)	<b>2 857 279</b> (2023)	<b>660 809</b> (2023)
<b>Youth population (15 - 29 years)</b> (as percentage of the total population)	<b>18.4%</b> (2023)	<b>15.0%</b> (2023)	<b>14.5%</b> (2023)	<b>15.1%</b> (2023)	<b>18.7%</b> (2023)
<b>First time asylum applicants</b> (absolute number)	<b>13 220</b> (2023)	<b>130 565</b> (2023)	<b>1 625</b> (2023)	<b>510</b> (2023)	<b>2 615</b> (2023)
<b>Gender pay gap</b> (as percentage of average gross hourly earnings of men; unadjusted)	<b>9.3%</b> (2022)	<b>3.8%</b> (2022)	<b>18.9%</b> (2022)	<b>10.5%</b> (2022)	<b>-0.7%</b> (2022)
<b>Minimum wage</b> (Euro per month)	<b>2 146.3€</b> (2024-S1)	<b>N/A</b>	<b>700.0€</b> (2024-S1)	<b>924.0€</b> (2024-S1)	<b>2 570.9€</b> (2024-S1)
<b>People at risk of poverty or social exclusion</b> (as percentage of the population)	<b>19.6%</b> (2022)	<b>24.4%</b> (2022)	<b>26.0%</b> (2022)	<b>24.6%</b> (2022)	<b>19.4%</b> (2022)
<b>Early school leavers</b> (as percentage of the population aged 18 - 24)	<b>4.0%</b> (2023)	<b>10.5%</b> (2023)	<b>7.7%</b> (2023)	<b>6.4%</b> (2023)	<b>6.8%</b> (2023)
<b>Inflation rate</b> (percentage change compared to previous year)	<b>5.2%</b> (2023)	<b>5.9%</b> (2023)	<b>9.1%</b> (2023)	<b>8.7%</b> (2023)	<b>2.9%</b> (2023)
<b>Unemployment rate</b> (as percentage of the labour force aged 15 - 74 years)	<b>4.3%</b> (2023)	<b>7.7%</b> (2023)	<b>6.5%</b> (2023)	<b>6.9%</b> (2023)	<b>5.2%</b> (2023)
<b>Youth unemployment rate</b> (percentage of labour force aged less than 25)	<b>10.7%</b> (2023)	<b>22.7%</b> (2023)	<b>12.3%</b> (2023)	<b>13.8%</b> (2023)	<b>18.8%</b> (2023)
<b>GDP per capita</b> (Euro per inhabitant)	<b>N/A</b>	<b>N/A</b>	<b>N/A</b>	<b>N/A</b>	<b>N/A</b>
<b>Government gross debt</b> (as percentage of GDP)	<b>43.3%</b> (2023)	<b>134.8%</b> (2023)	<b>45.0%</b> (2023)	<b>37.3%</b> (2023)	<b>25.5%</b> (2023)
<b>Government deficit / surplus</b> (as percentage of GDP)	<b>1.5%</b> (2023)	<b>-7.2%</b> (2023)	<b>-2.4%</b> (2023)	<b>-0.7%</b> (2023)	<b>-0.7%</b> (2023)
<b>Greenhouse gas emissions</b> (Tonnes per capita)	<b>12.2</b> (2022)	<b>7.1</b> (2022)	<b>5.6</b> (2022)	<b>6.8</b> (2022)	<b>15.5</b> (2022)
<b>Renewable energy</b> (as percentage in gross final energy consumption)	<b>13.1%</b> (2022)	<b>19.1%</b> (2022)	<b>43.7%</b> (2022)	<b>29.6%</b> (2022)	<b>14.4%</b> (2022)
<b>Electricity prices</b> (Euro per MWh, incl. taxes)	<b>374.6€</b> (2023-S2)	<b>361.9€</b> (2023-S2)	<b>304.0€</b> (2023-S2)	<b>231.3€</b> (2023-S2)	<b>190.9€</b> (2023-S2)
<b>Energy imports dependency</b> (percentage of gross available energy)	<b>79.2%</b> (2022)	<b>79.2%</b> (2022)	<b>38.2%</b> (2022)	<b>72.4%</b> (2022)	<b>91.5%</b> (2022)
<b>Recycling rate of municipal waste</b> (percentage of total municipal waste)	<b>N/A</b>	<b>53.3%</b> (2022)	<b>50.8%</b> (2022)	<b>48.4%</b> (2022)	<b>55.6%</b> (2022)